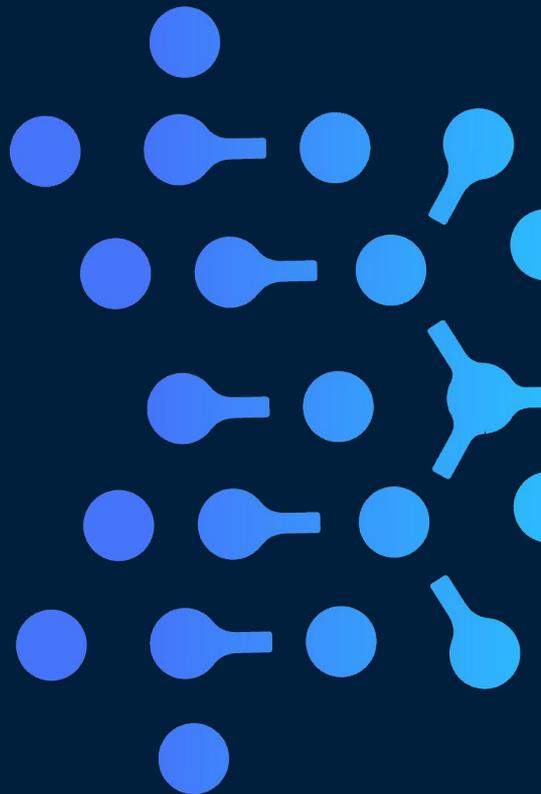




# Grandpa's guide to technical empathy: Decrypting PostgreSQL for strategic clarity

Ellyne Phneah  
Nordic PGDay 2026





**So... when do we ship  
the new feature?**



# We've all been in that room

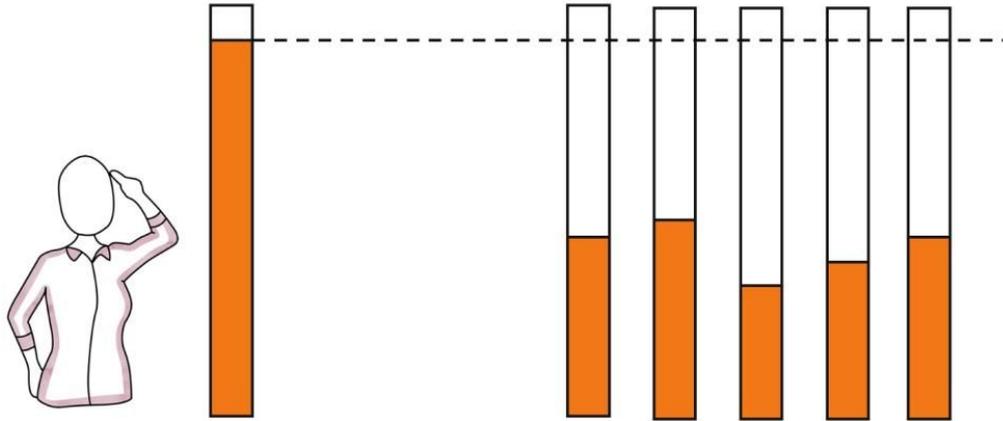




**Have you ever had a technical recommendation ignored, only to have it come back as a 'critical emergency' three months later?**



# Curse of Knowledge

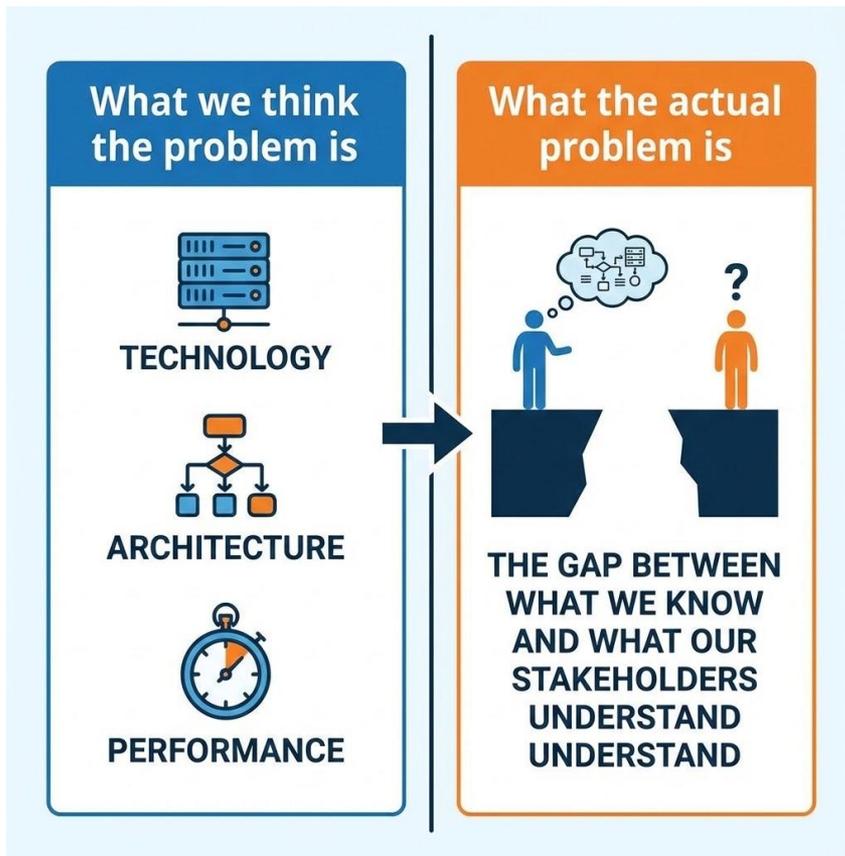


When you  
know a lot...

It's easy to think  
everyone knows, too.

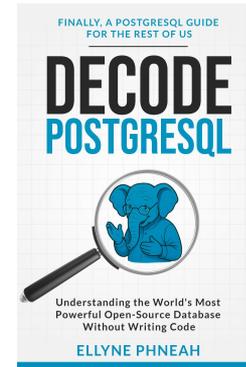
[Source](#)

# “The bottleneck isn’t your code”



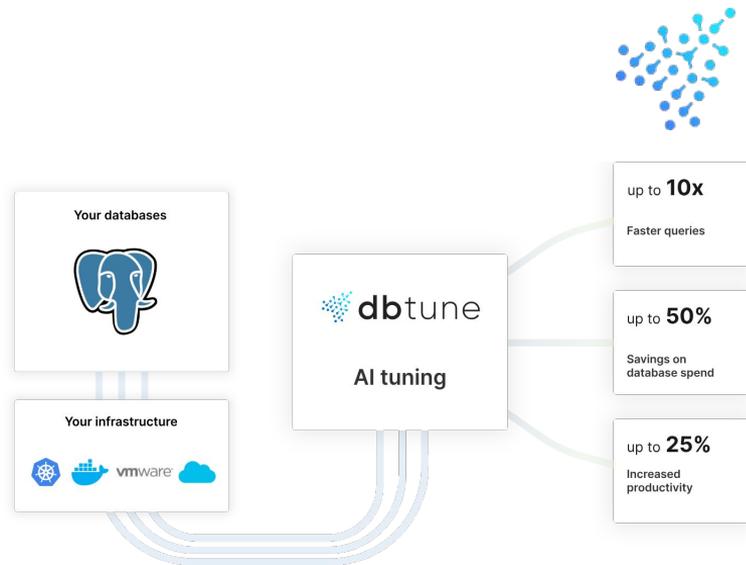
# Who am I?

- Ellyne Phneah
- Marketing Manager at DBtune
- Former Tech Journalist
- 14+ years in PR, brand and communications
- BA in English Literature
- MSc in Entrepreneurship and Innovation
- Author of Decode PostgreSQL



# About DBtune

- Agentic AI for automated PostgreSQL database tuning
- Observes, iterates and adapts until converging and delivering optimal settings for any individual workload, use case and machine.



Tune your PostgreSQL instance



# Malmö PostgreSQL User Group (M-PUG)



## M-PUG organizers



**Ellyne Phneah**  
DBtune



**Dr. Luigi Nardi**  
DBtune

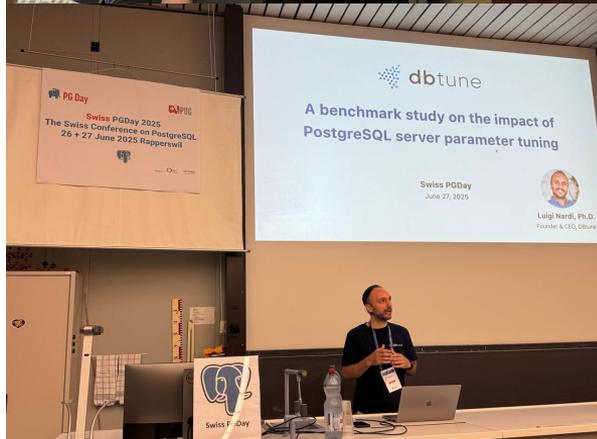


**Daniel Gustafsson**  
Microsoft



Join M-PUG

# Community trainings and presentations



# Agenda

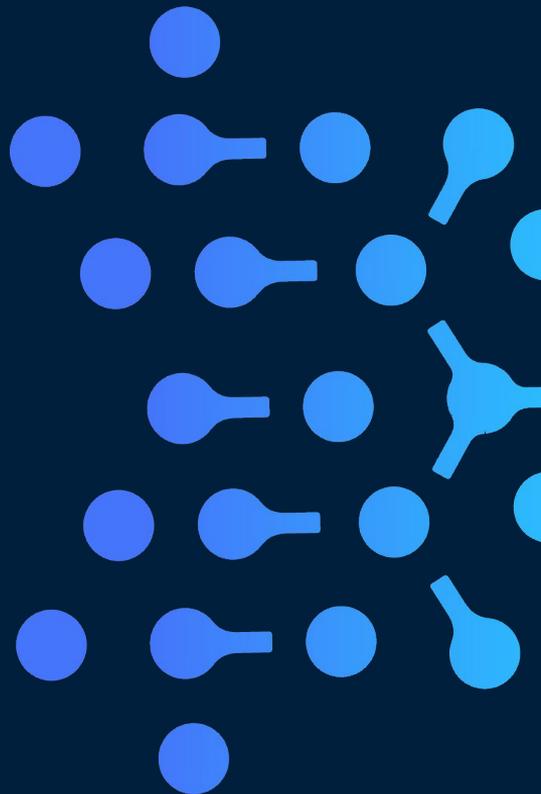


- **THE THEORY:** Building Technical Empathy
- **THE FILTER:** Mastering the Grandpa Test
- **THE TOOLKIT:** 3 Repeatable frameworks
- **THE REFRAME:** Translating "Hard Stuff" & debt



# Technical Empathy

What technical empathy is (and isn't)



Let's clear something up



**Technical  
Empathy**

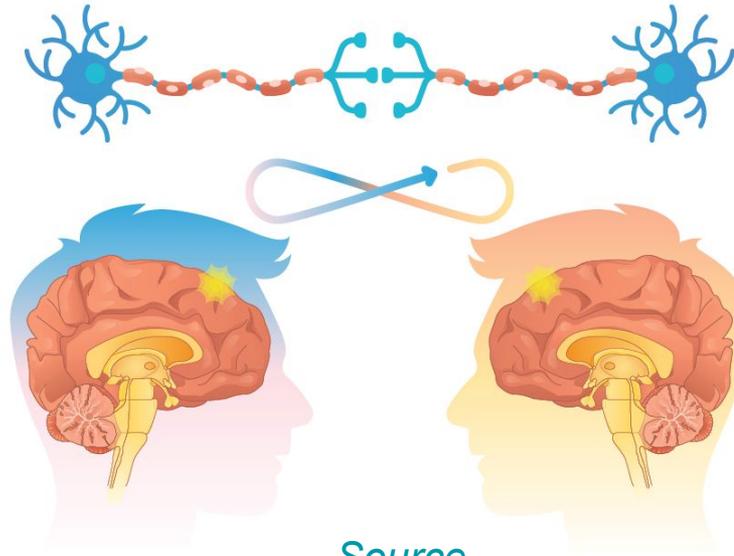


**Dumbing things down**



***Technical Empathy** is the ability to understand the knowledge journey of your audience. It's knowing how it feels not to know what you know. It's meeting people where they are – and building the bridge from their world to yours.*

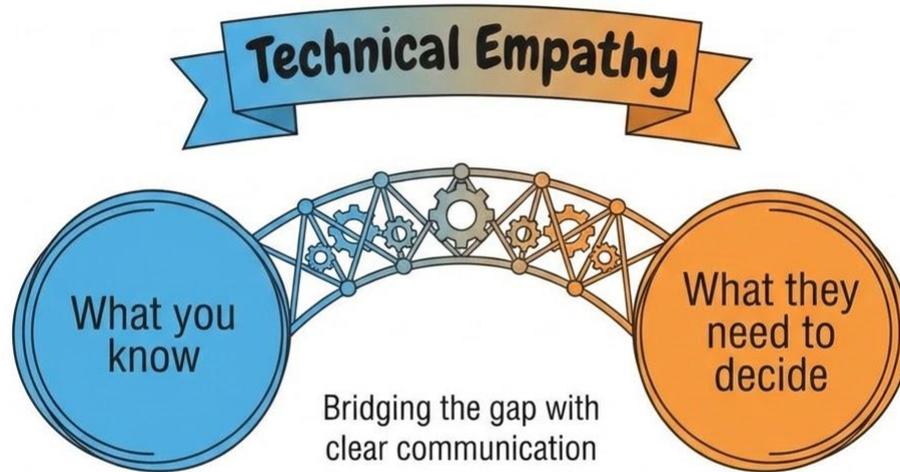
# The neuroscience behind why this works



Source

***Mirror neurons fire not just when we act — but when we watch someone else act. Empathy isn't metaphorical. It's neurological.***

# It's not about them. It's about the bridge.



# The business case — in one stat.



**56%**

Projects fail  
due to **poor comms**  
([PMI Pulse of the Profession](#))

***Not poor technology. Poor communication.***

# Teams that bridge the gap well, win.





-

- Unlike learning system internals, you can develop this skill in weeks — not years.

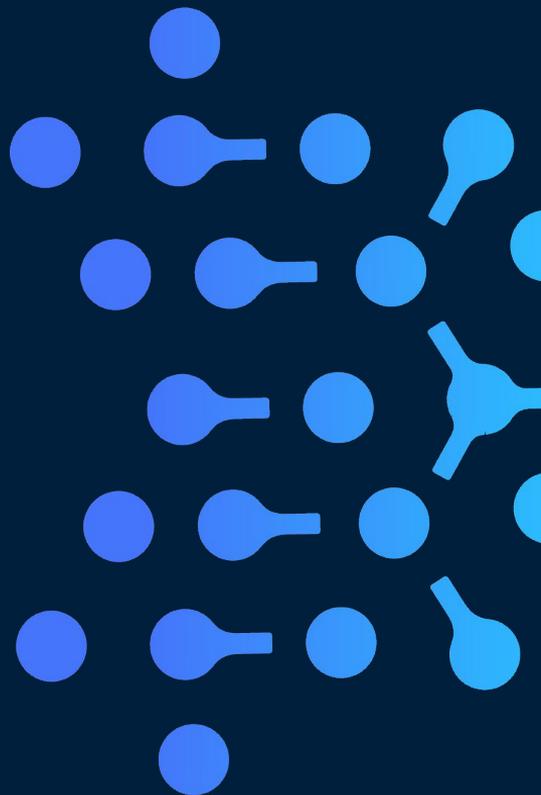
Here's how





# The Grandpa Test

Your translation litmus





- What is the most complex PostgreSQL project you are working on right now?
- Explain it to a 10-year-old or your grandpa in exactly two sentences without using the word 'database,' could you do it?



# The universal struggle of technical translation



# Your grandpa and your CEO want the same things



Grandpa

Find things  
faster

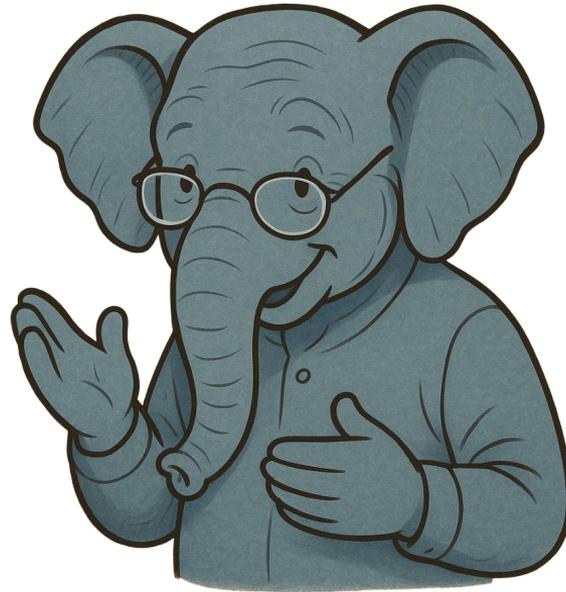
Avoid waste

Don't pay for  
problems that  
could have been  
prevented



CEO

**The Grandpa Test is how you practise  
Technical Empathy deliberately.**



# The Grandpa Test: 3 steps



1

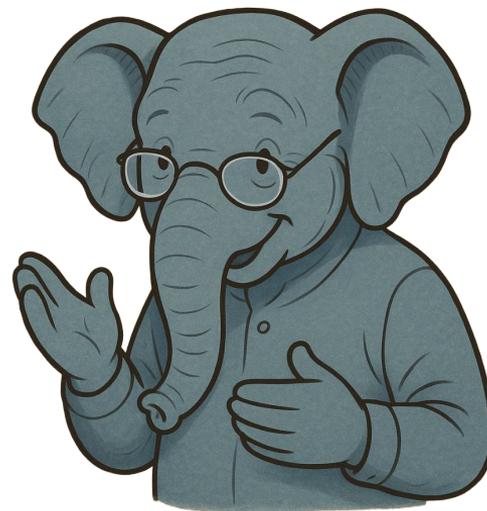
**State the technical thing  
in your own words.**

2

**Ask — “What does this do  
for the person using it?”**

3

**Ask — “What does it cost  
them if it fails or is delayed?”**



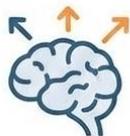
# Why these three steps – in this order



Step 1:  
State it  
clearly



Cognitive Load  
Theory



Step 2:  
Shift to  
outcome



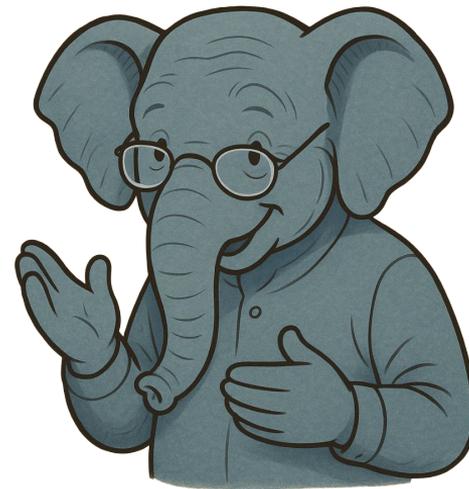
The Elaboration  
Likelihood Model



Step 3:  
Name the  
cost



Loss Aversion  
(Kahneman &  
Tversky)

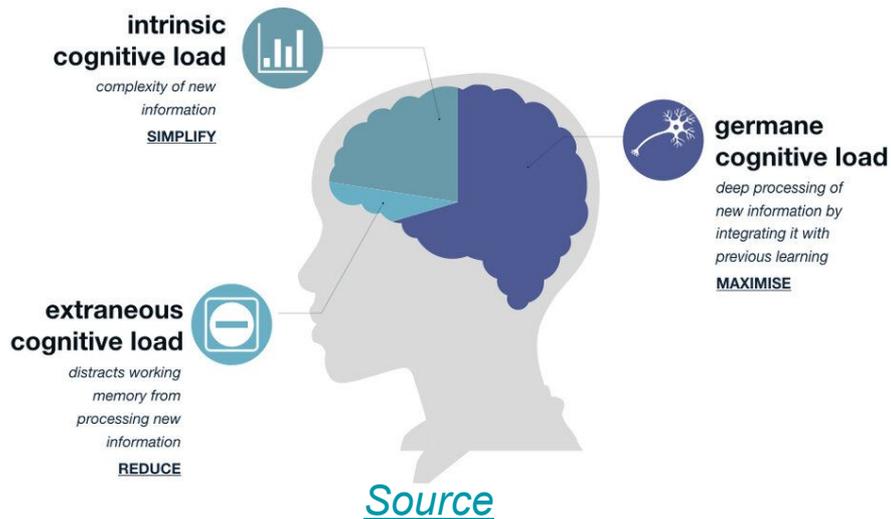


# Step 1: State it clearly

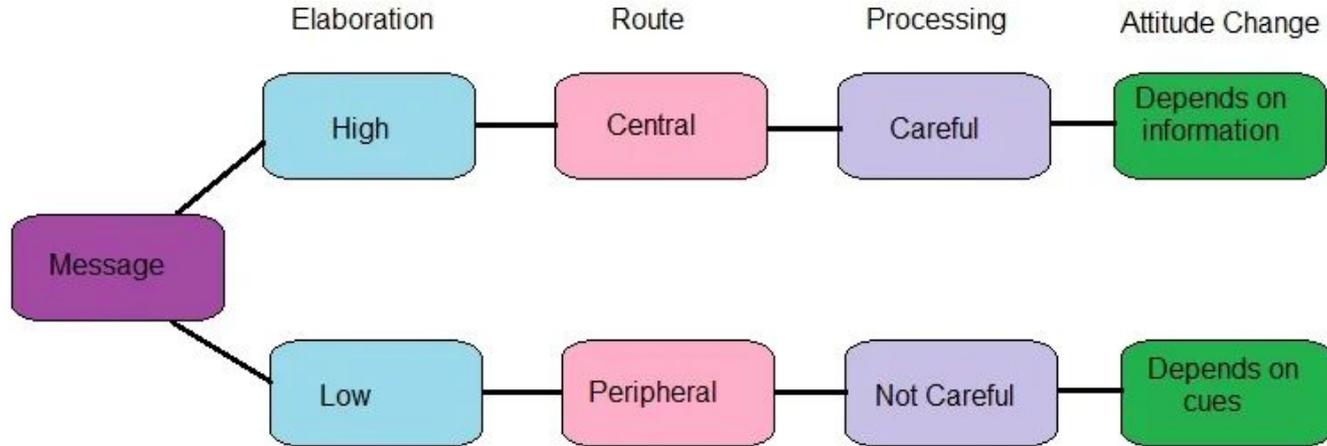


## cognitive load

mcdreemiamusings.com @mcdreemiamie

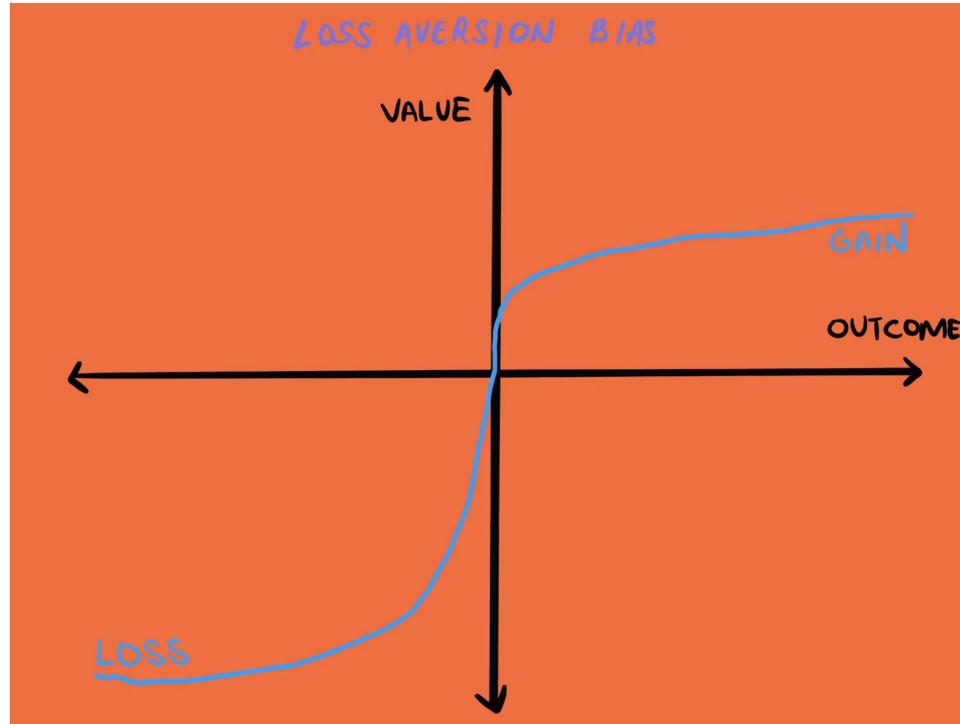


## Step 2: Shift to outcome



Source

# Step 3: Name the cost



Source

# Example 1 – pgvector / Semantic Search [BEFORE]



```
Doc

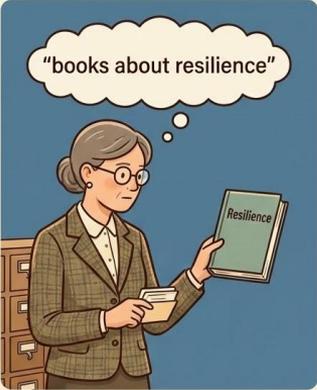
Semantic search uses
vector embeddings
generated by machine
learning models,
models, enabling
similarity matching
beyond
keyword-based
queries.
```

*Technically accurate, strategically useless*

# Example 1 — pgvector / Semantic Search [AFTER]

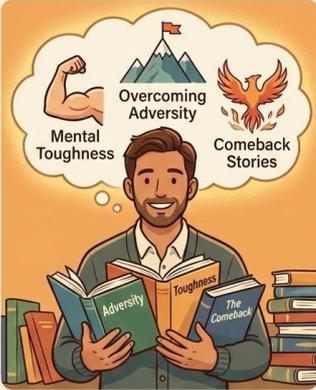


**KEYWORD MATCHING**



Matches exact words

**MEANING UNDERSTANDING**



Understands meaning

It's like upgrading from a librarian who matches exact words to one who understands meaning. Ask for "books about resilience" and you get books on overcoming adversity, mental toughness, comeback stories — even if they never use that exact word.

- ✓ **What it does:** finds what users mean, not just what they typed
- ✓ **Cost of delay:** competitors ship smarter search; users migrate to products that feel more intelligent
- ✓ **Strategic translation:** AI-powered UX advantage, within existing infrastructure — no new vendor

## Example 2 – VACUUM [BEFORE]



VACUUM reclaims storage occupied by dead tuples and updates the visibility map to improve query planner accuracy.

*Technically accurate, strategically useless*

## Example 2 – VACUUM [AFTER]

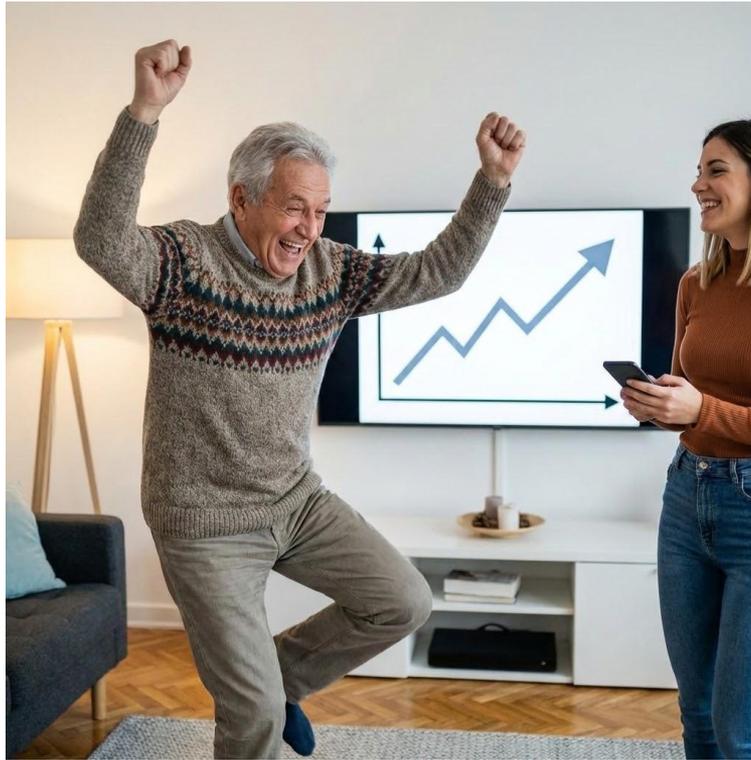


Dead tuples are like ex-employees whose files are still taking up space in your filing room. VACUUM clears them out so the system isn't wasting time searching through records that no longer matter.

✓ **What it does:** keeps the database fast and lean as data changes over time

✓ **Cost of delay:** queries slow down; storage costs climb; performance degrades invisibly — until it isn't invisible anymore

✓ **Strategic translation:** scheduled maintenance now vs. emergency intervention later — the price difference is not small

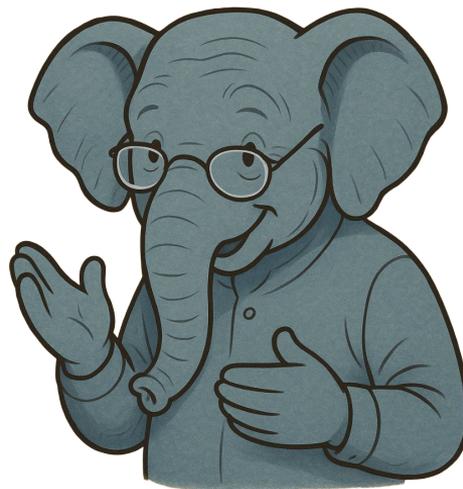


**If grandpa gets it — you're ready.**

# Now it's your turn!



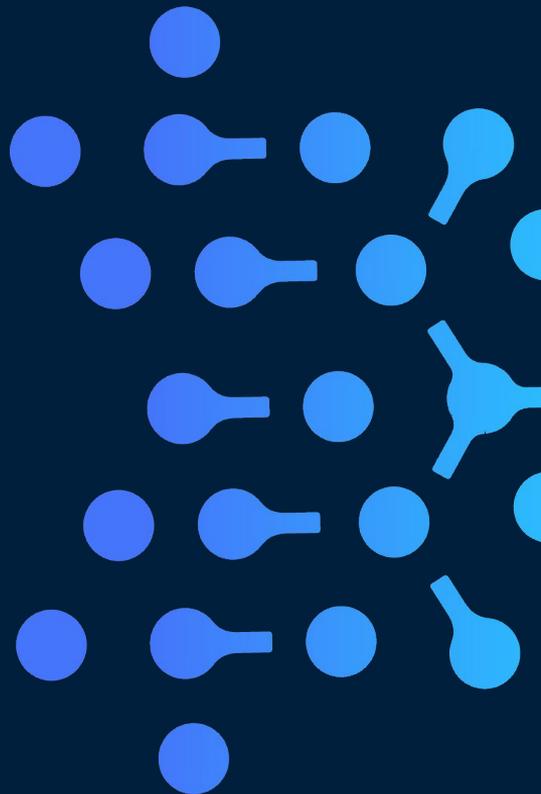
- Find a "painfully technical" PostgreSQL term (e.g., *Write Ahead Log*, *MVCC*, or *B-Tree Indexes*).
- Spend 5 minutes applying the 3-step Grandpa Test to that specific term on the fly.



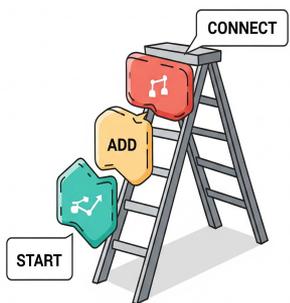


# 3 translation frameworks

Repeatable blueprints that work with any audience



# Three frameworks. One goal.



PROBLEM



SOLUTION

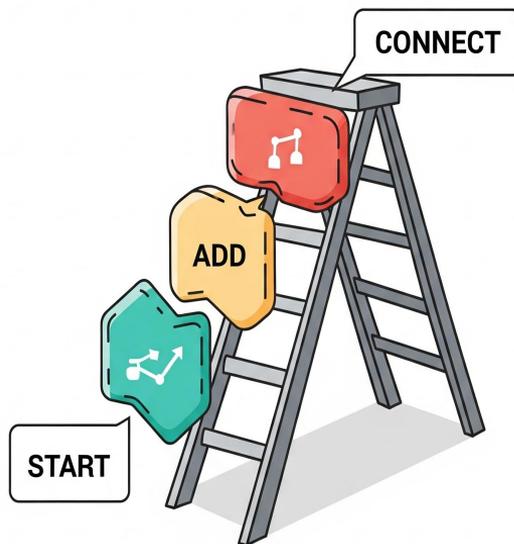


TRANSFORMATION

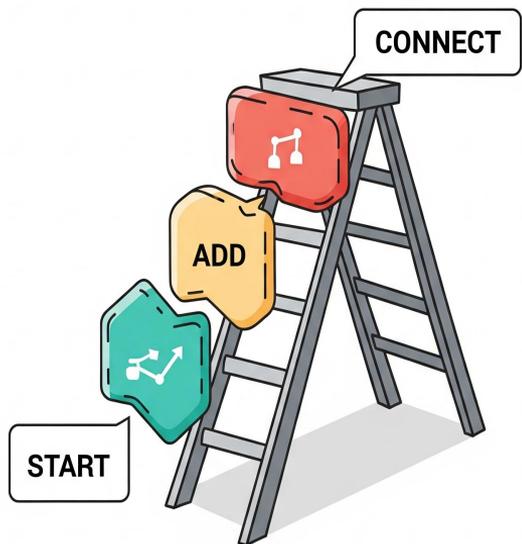


*From 'how it works' to 'why it matters' — systematically.*

# Framework 1: Analogy ladder

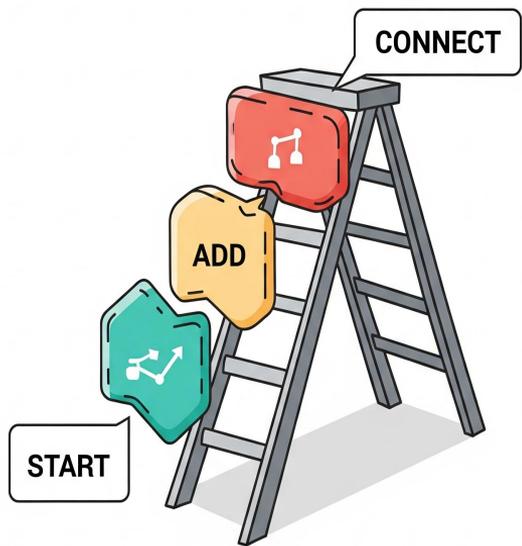


# Framework 1: Analogy ladder (Explaining PostgreSQL itself)



**START:** You know how Excel organizes data in rows and columns?

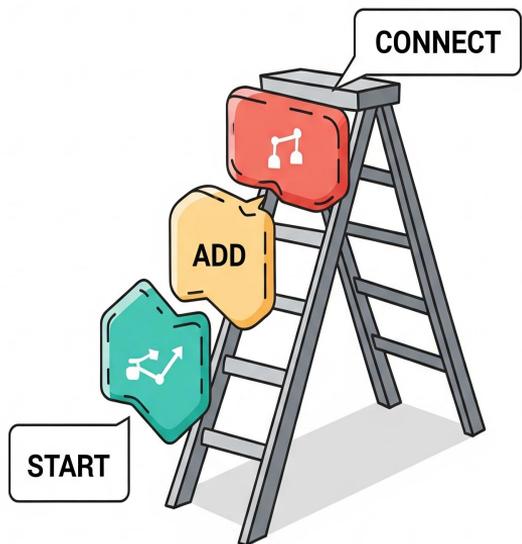
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**START:** You know how Excel organizes data in rows and columns?

**ADD:** PostgreSQL is like Excel, but designed for millions of rows and multiple people using it simultaneously

# Framework 1: Analogy ladder (Explaining PostgreSQL itself)



**START:** You know how Excel organizes data in rows and columns?

**ADD:** PostgreSQL is like Excel, but designed for millions of rows and multiple people using it simultaneously

**CONNECT:** This means your entire team can access the same data without conflicts or version control nightmares

# Framework 1: Analogy ladder (Connection Pooling)



**START:** You know how a busy restaurant has a reservations system – not every table is set up for every possible guest, they manage the flow?

**ADD:** Connection pooling does the same thing for your database. Instead of opening a new connection for every single request, it maintains a managed pool that gets reused efficiently.

**CONNECT:** Which means your application handles ten times the traffic without the database collapsing under the weight of thousands of simultaneous connection requests – which is exactly what happens during a product launch or a flash sale.

# The Analogy Ladder – Key Rule



If your audience has to jump,  
you skipped a rung.

***Test it: could someone with no technical context follow each step without losing the thread?***

# Framework 2: The story arc



**PROBLEM**



**SOLUTION**

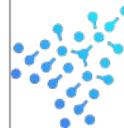


**TRANSFORMATION**

***Most technical communicators nail problem and solution.  
Almost nobody delivers transformation.***

## Framework 2: The story arc (Explaining PostgreSQL itself)

**PROBLEM:** Your company has data scattered across multiple tools—customer info in Salesforce, analytics in Google, orders in Shopify

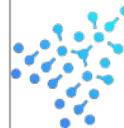


## Framework 2: The story arc (Explaining PostgreSQL itself)



**PROBLEM:** Your company has data scattered across multiple tools—customer info in Salesforce, analytics in Google, orders in Shopify

**SOLUTION:** PostgreSQL brings it all together in one organized, queryable place



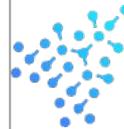
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**PROBLEM:** Your company has data scattered across multiple tools—customer info in Salesforce, analytics in Google, orders in Shopify

**SOLUTION:** PostgreSQL brings it all together in one organized, queryable place

**TRANSFORMATION:** Now you can answer complex questions like 'which marketing campaigns drive the highest-value repeat customers?' in minutes, not days



## Framework 2: The story arc (Technical Debt)



**PROBLEM:** Customer data in Salesforce. Analytics in Google. Orders in Shopify. Three tools, three sources of truth, no single answer to a basic question.

**SOLUTION:** PostgreSQL brings it together — one organised, queryable, reliable source.

**TRANSFORMATION:** 'Which marketing campaigns drive our highest-value repeat customers?' — answered in minutes, not days. Campaigns get smarter. Budget goes where it works.

Transformation is where most people stop too early.



**PROBLEM**



**SOLUTION**



**TRANSFORMATION**

*Don't stop at Solution. The Transformation is why anyone should care.*

# Framework 3: The Value Bridge



***This is the framework that turns a feature into a competitive advantage.***

# Framework 3: The Value Bridge (pgvector)



## **Tech capability:**

native vector  
embedding  
support.  
Accurate.  
Unmemorable.

# Framework 3: The Value Bridge (pgvector)



**Tech capability:**  
native vector  
embedding  
support. Accurate.  
Unmemorable.

**The product outcome:** You can ship AI-powered semantic search without leaving PostgreSQL. No new vendor evaluation. No migration project. No integration overhead eating your engineering sprint capacity. The capability lives where your data already lives.

# Framework 3: The Value Bridge (pgvector)



**Tech capability:**  
native vector  
embedding  
support. Accurate.  
Unmemorable.

**The product outcome:** You can ship AI-powered semantic search without leaving PostgreSQL. No new vendor evaluation. No migration project. No integration overhead eating your engineering sprint capacity. The capability lives where your data already lives.

**The business result:** You ship a competitive AI feature faster than a team that's evaluating external vendors, and you do it without adding a new line to the infrastructure budget. That's a competitive advantage and a cost story in the same sentence.

# Framework 3: The Value Bridge (Read Replicas)



## Tech capability:

Read replicas distribute query load across multiple database instances

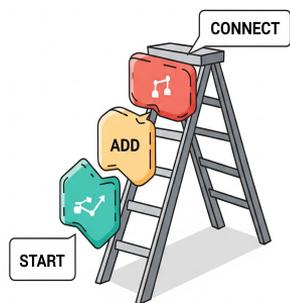
## The product outcome:

Reporting, analytics, and heavy read operations run without slowing down the transactional database your users depend on.

## The business result:

You scale to support a growing user base and data-intensive features without emergency infrastructure spend — and without your product slowing down at the moment it matters most

# Three frameworks – When to use which



## Analogy Ladder

When your audience needs to *understand* a concept before they can evaluate it

## Story Arc

When your audience needs *context and consequence* to make a decision

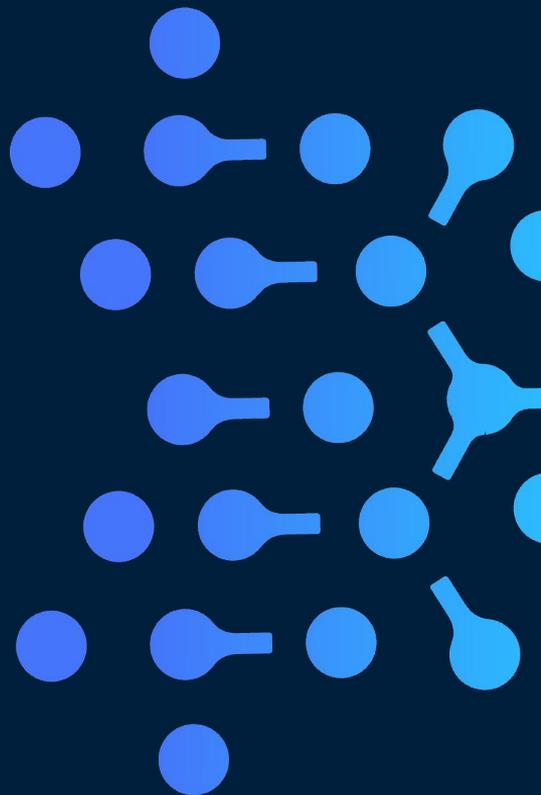
## Value Bridge

Use when your audience needs to see *competitive or business relevance* of a capability



# Translating the hard stuff

Technical debt as strategy



# Now we get to the hard conversations.



*Technical debt doesn't lose budget battles because it's unimportant. It loses because nobody has named it correctly.*

# The vocabulary problem



How we describe it	How they hear it
Table bloat	Housekeeping
Missing indexes	Performance tuning
Deferred VACUUM	Technical backlog

***Same problem. Wrong language. Wrong priority.***

# Table Bloat — Renamed



## Technical label

✗ We have significant table bloat that needs to be addressed.

## The reframe

✓ "We're paying rent on a warehouse full of furniture we threw away two years ago."

# Missing Indexes – Renamed



## Technical label

✗ We're missing indexes on several high-traffic query paths.

## The reframe

✓ We're searching every filing cabinet by hand when we could have a directory.

# VACUUM — Renamed



## Technical label

✗ We need to ensure VACUUM is running regularly to reclaim dead tuples.

## The reframe

✓ This is a scheduled oil change. Skip enough of them and you're not paying for an oil change anymore — you're paying for an engine replacement.

# The vocabulary shift – summarised.



Technical reality	Old language	New language	Business category
Table bloat	Housekeeping	Paying rent on empty space	Cost avoidance
Missing indexes	Performance tuning	Searching without a directory	Operational risk
Deferred VACUUM	Technical backlog	Skipping oil changes	Risk management

**Technical debt is not an engineering problem, but a communication one.**

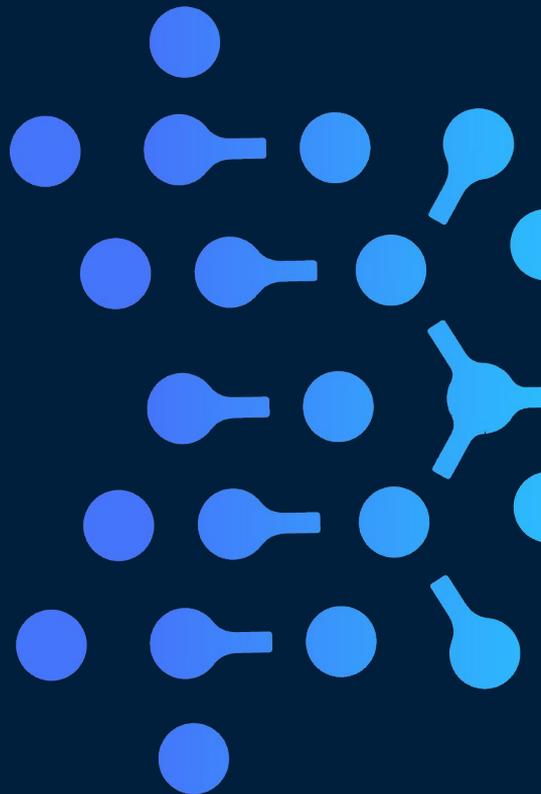


*The infrastructure was always worth investing in. It just needed to be described in a language that made the investment obvious*

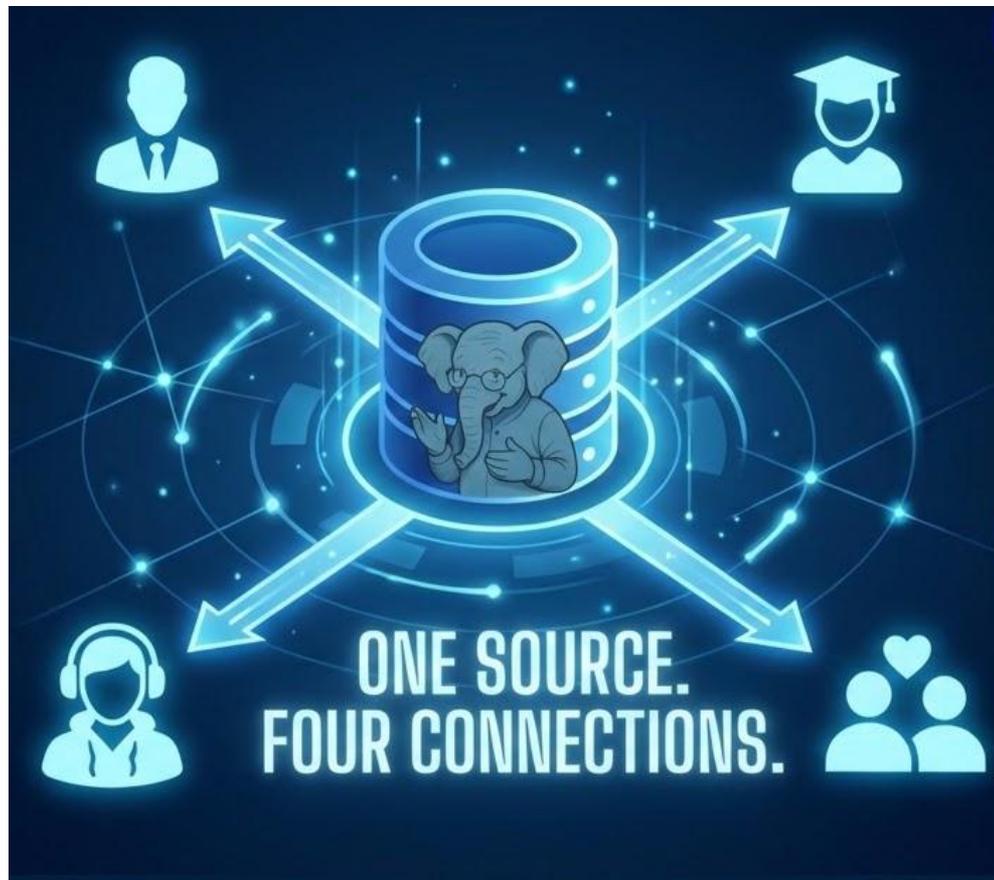


# Audience in the room

Different stakeholders, different value propositions



# Same PostgreSQL. Four different conversations



# Communicating PostgreSQL Value: Audience-Specific Translation

Audience	They optimise for	Your translation lens	PostgreSQL example
 <b>Executives</b>	Cost & Risk	Cost avoidance, risk management, control	"Deferred maintenance transfers timing control to the system, not to us"
 <b>Sales</b>	Competitive edge	Differentiation, speed to market, customer promises	"PostgreSQL lets us promise real-time analytics and actually deliver it"
 <b>Product</b>	Roadmap value	Feature velocity, capability unlocks, user outcomes	"pgvector means AI search ships in this sprint, not next quarter"
 <b>Marketing</b>	Campaign performance	Data quality, insight speed, targeting accuracy	"Every personalised campaign starts with clean, queryable data"

# Sales



Optimize for competitive edge



 Don't lead with "Constraints."

 Lead with "Performance stability as a selling point."

# Executives



Optimize for cost and risk



✗ Don't lead with "Efficiency."

✓ Lead with "Insurance against downtime"

# Product



Optimize for roadmap value



**✗** Don't lead with  
"Technical Debt."

**✓** Lead with  
"Clearing the path  
for faster shipping  
in Q3"

# Marketing



Optimize for campaign performance



✗ Don't lead with "Features."

✓ Lead with "The 'Never-Lose-A-Transaction' Promise."



# Who is in this room, and what do they optimise for?

Answer that first. Then choose your framework.  
Then communicate.



# The Technical Empathy workflow



- 1. Identify your audience** → What do they optimise for?
- 2. Apply the Grandpa Test** → Can you name the value and the cost of inaction?
- 3. Choose your framework** → Analogy Ladder, Story Arc, or Value Bridge?
- 4. Translate** → Mechanism to meaning. Feature to consequence. Technology to strategy.

# Your Monday Morning Homework

Five minute stakeholder audit



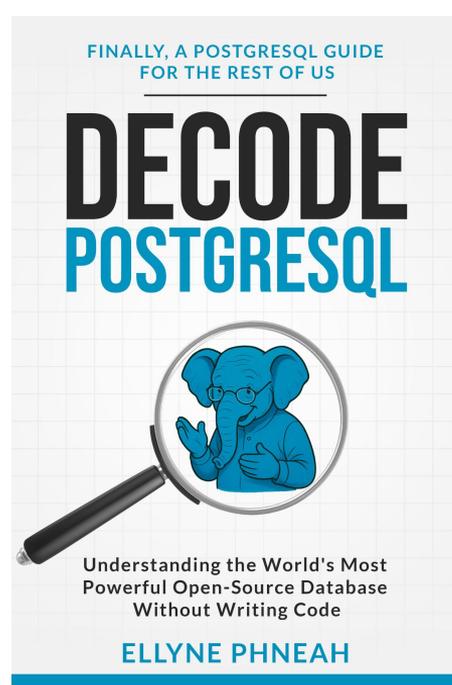
Time	Step	Action
Minute 1	Identify jargon	Pick one technical project (e.g., Partitioning, PG17 Upgrade).
Minute 2	Grandpa test	Explain it in 2 sentences. <b>Zero</b> database words allowed.
Minute 3	Map the “boss”	Pick your stakeholder (CEO/Sales/Product). Identify their #1 priority.
Minute 4	Value bridge	Define the <b>Cost of Inaction</b> . What do <i>they</i> lose if you don't do this?
Minute 5	The hook	Draft your opening line. Lead with the <b>Stakes</b> , not the Tech.

# Decode PostgreSQL (ebook)

- **No code, no jargon:** Just clarity
- A metaphor driven framework to explain PostgreSQL
- **14 chapters** of insights
- **Bonus section** including FAQs, common terms and resources
- **Available** across all digital devices



50% discount until **27 Mar**  
Code: **NordicPGDAY2026**





“

**If your grandpa can get it, so can your board.  
The translation is the strategy.**





# Thank you



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Let's connect on LinkedIn

